## $\underset{\text { FACTORY }}{\text { INTER PIPE }}$

GRP / GRV

GLASS FIBER REINFORCED POLYESTER / VINYLESTER PRODUCT GUIDE

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## IPF

A market leader

## VISION

Leading the pipe industry by discovering the new, reinventing the old, while preserving the culture of pipe technology and its tradition, guarantying our client around the world the ultimate experience by upholding our commitments and maintain the highest standards in design, manufacturing, quality, services and trust worthy business practices.


## MISSION

4 Offer the highest quality products through monitoring every stage of the process leading to complete customer satisfaction.
4 Commitment to uphold the strictest quality assurance standards on all product in all aspects of production.
4 Optimize the researched techniques to continually improve the efficiency of the facility and the productivity of the staff.
$\triangle$ Maintain reasonable profitability to support the mission and to expand the experience to customer around the globe.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Although the world's infrastructure has developed a lot during the past decades, still thousands of kilometers of water and sewer pipes needing rehabilitation due to corrosion. Corrosion is mainly caused by:

- Internally unprotected concrete sewer pipes are rapidly aged by the presence of sulfuric acid in sanitary sewer systems, which are generated through the hydrogen sulfide cycle.

Externally, soil conditions and stray electrical currents will weaken underground pipes. Metallic pipes can corrode when placed in poorly aerated, poorly drained soils of low resistivity. The presence of sulfate - reducing bacteria will accelerate this deterioration.
These problems can be radically reduced, if not eliminated, by the cautions selection of materials resistant to corrosion, or the inclusion of corrosion protection systems into pipeline designs. Unfortunately, in hopes of cost saving, agencies will often forego the necessary corrosion protection, only to learn a few years later of the consequences. Corrosion is not a reversible process.

The solution to this situation is very easy....
Inter Pipe Factory® (Glass Fiber Reinforced Polyester/Vinyl ester Pipes)
Inter Pipe Factory® is accredited with ISO 9001:2008,ISO 14001:2004, OHSAS 18001:2007, WARS (Water Regulation Advisory Scheme), Kitemark for GRP, etc ... and also approvals from ministries and municipalities all over U.A.E.

Inter Pipe Factory® manufactures glass-fiber-reinforced polymer (GRP/GRV) pipes using the continuously - advancing mandrel process done by the continuous filament winding machine, guaranteeing a consistently homogeneous product meter to meter. A GRP/GRV pipe system manufactured by Inter Pipe Factory® is the ultimate pipe selection for water supply systems as it has proven its resistance to galvanic and electrolytic corrosion. Moreover, GRP pipe systems are used in sewer and storm applications since it has verified its resistance to the acidic environment and other corrosive fluids. GRP/GRV pipes have been the preferred selected material for sewer, storm water, and water applications around the globe for the past 30 years.

## 2. LEADING THE FIBERGLASS MARKET WITH HIGH TECHNOLOGIES

Corrosion resistant, Lightweight and manufactured under stringent quality standards, Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ GRP/GRV pipes are available in seven pressure classes and four stiffness classes. Diameters range from 25 mm up to 2800 mm and can be supplied with lengths up to 12 meters. The increasing knowledge of the operational cost savings and superior corrosion resistance offered by glass - fiber reinforced plastic pipe by Inter Pipe Factory® operations has resulted in its widespread application for the following:


Inter Pipe Factory® fiberglass pipe material delivers long, effective service life with lower operating and maintenance costs compared to other piping materials
Inter Pipe Factory® Glass Fiber Reinforced Polyester (GRP) and Glass Fiber Reinforced Vinylester (GRV) pipes, fittings and accessories are produced by using the highest levels of technology and quality.


## 3. PRODUCT FEATURES \& BENEFITS

Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ brings a product to market that can provide low cost, long - term pipe solutions to client around the globe. The multiple advantages of GRP/GRV pipes systems and add up to provide effective design life and cost effective system.

| Features | Benefits |
| :---: | :---: |
| Corrosion Resistant Material | $\Delta$ Extensive, effective service life <br> $\Delta$ No need for coatings, lining, cathodic protection, wraps or other forms of corrosion protection <br> $\Delta$ Hydralic characterisitics effectively constant over time <br> $\triangle$ Low maintenance costs <br> $\triangle$ Ideal pipe for the rehabilitation of corroded sewer lines |
| Design life time is more than 50 years | $\triangle$ Maximum economical optimization |
| Light weight ( $25 \%$ weight of Ductile Iron Pipe \& $10 \%$ weight of Concrete Pipe) | $\triangle$ Low Transportation Cost <br> $\Delta$ Eliminates need for expensive pipe handling equipment <br> $\triangle$ Optimum pipe nesting can be applied |
| Long standard Lengths ( 6 \& 12 meters) | $\triangle$ Fewer joints reduce installation time <br> $\Delta$ More Pipe per Transport Vehicle results in lower delivery cost |


| Features | Benefits |
| :---: | :---: |
| Extremely smooth Bore | $\Delta$ Low friction loss means less pumping energy needed and lower operating cost <br> Minimum slime build up helps in lowering cleaning costs |
| Precision Double Bell Coupling with elastomeric REKA gaskets | Tight efficient joints designed to eliminated infiltration and exfiltration. <br> Ease of joining, reducing installation time <br> Accommodates small changes in the line direction without fittings or differential settlement. |
| Flexible manufacturing process | Custom diameters can be manufactured to provide maximum flow volumes with ease of installation for rehabilitation lining projects |
| High technology pipe design | $\Delta$ Lower Wave celerity than other piping materials which implies less cost when designing for surge and water hammer pressures Multiple pressure and stiffness classes to meet the design engineer's criteria <br> $\triangle$ Pipes are hydrostatically tested at twice the pressure class |
| High Technology pipe manufacturing system producing pipe that strictly complies with stringent performance international standards (ASTM, AWWA, BS, EN, etc...) | $\Delta$ High and consistent product quality worldwide which ensures reliable product performance |

## 4. APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Glass Fiber Reinforced Polyester / Vinlyester Pipes produced by Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ are manufactured and tested according to international American Standards (ASTM / AWWA), European Standards (EN) and British Standards (BS)

### 4.1. AWWA Standards

AWWA C950 is one of the most widespread product standards in existence for fiberglass pipe. This standard for pressure water applications has strict requirements for pipe and joints, concentrating on quality control and prototype qualification testing. AWWA C950 is also considered to be a product performance standard.

Inter Pipe Factory® GRP/GRV is designed to meet the performance requirements of this standard. In addition to being a pressure pipe product standard, AWWA has also published one of the most comprehensive design methods for a buried pipe. AWWA M45, Fiberglass Pipe Design, provides complete criteria for pipe design, installation including deflection, external loads, combined pressure / bending effects and bucking.

All of the installation limitations presented for Inter Pipe Factory® Fiberglass are based on this manual's guidelines. AWWA M45 also covers the design of an aboveground fiberglass pipe installation.

| Standard |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| AWWA C-950 -950 | Fiberglass Pressure Pipe |
| AWWA M - 45 | Fiberglass Pipe Design Manual |

Table 4.1

### 4.2. ASTM Standards

Presently, there are several ASTM product standards in use which apply to a variety of fiberglass pipe applications. These product standards cover pipe with diameter ranges of 200 mm to 4000 mm and required the flexible joints to withstand hydrostatic testing in configuration (per ASTM D4161) that simulate exaggerated in - use conditions.

These standards include many tough qualification and quality control tests. GRP/GRV pipes by Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ are designed to meet all of the following ASTM standards:

| Standard | Application |
| :---: | :--- |
| ASTM D - 3262 | Standard Specification for Fiberglass (Glass Fiber Reinforced Therrmosetting Resin) Sewer <br> Pipe |
| ASTM D - 3517 | Standard Specification for Fiberglass (Glass Fiber Reinforced Thermosetting Resign) <br> Pressure Pipe |
| ASTM D - 3754 | Standard Specification for Fiberglass (Glass Fiber Reinforced Therrmosetting Resign) Sewer <br> and Industrial Pressure Pipe |

Table 4.2

### 4.3. EN \& British Standards

Inter Pipe Factory® manufacture GRP and GRV pipes ensuring that the performance requirements qualification and control testing, and design to meet the following European \& British Standards:

| Standard | Application |
| :--- | :--- |
| BS 5480* | British Standard Specification for Glass Reinforced Plastics (GRP) pipes, joints and fittings <br> for use for water supply or sewerage. |
| BS EN 1796 | Plastics Piping Systems For Drainage and Sewage With or Without Pressure - Glass - <br> Reinforced Thermosetting Plastics (GRP) Based On Unsaturated Polyester Resin (UP) |
| BS EN 14364 | Plastics Piping Systems For Water Supply With or Without Pressure - Glass - Reinforced <br> Thermosetting Plastics (GRP) Based On Unsaturated Polyester Resin (UP) - Specifications <br> for Pipes, Fittings and Joints |

## 5. CONTROL TESTING

Quality Control testing includes scrupulous checks for all incoming raw materials and finished pipe products against Inter Pipe Factory® strict written standards.

### 5.1. Raw Materials

Raw materials are only delivered with vendor certification indicating their conformity with Inter Pipe Factory® quality requirements. Prior to their use, all raw materials are sample tested so as to guarantee that pipe materials do comply with the declared technical specifications

## Raw Material Tests

1. Viscosity of Resin (ASTM D 2196) / ISO 2555
2. Resin Gel time, cure time and peak temperature (ASTM D 2471)
3. Glass Fibers: Moisture content, size/ binder content and TEX properties IInternal Method)
4. Silica Sand: Sieve Analysis, Moisture Content, LOI, Acid test (Internal Method)

### 5.2. Physical Properties

Hoop and axial load capacities are checked on a regular basis for GRP/GRV Pipes. Moreover, pipe composition and construction are confirmed. The following control checks are carried out:


1. Pipe stiffness
2. Deflection without structural failure or damage
3. Axial load capacity
4. Circumferential (Hoop) load capacity
5. Loss on Ignition (LOI)

Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ has demonstrated its products compliance with the performance requirements of international standards. The performance requirements are divided in to two parts:

Short-term requirements
Long-term requirements
Inter Pipe Factory® has been rigorously tested to verify conformance to ASTM, AWWA and EN Standards.

### 5.3. Finished Pipe

GRP \& GRV pipe products produced by Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ are subject to the following control checks:

1. Wall Thickness
2. Diameter
3. Section length
4. Visual Inspection
5. Barcol Hardness
6. Hydrostatic leak tightness test ( 1.5 times the rated pressure class)


## 6. QUALIFICATION TESTING

### 6.1. Hydrostatic Design Basis Hdb

The establishment of the Hydrostatic Design Basis - HDB is an important qualification test. This test is carried out in accordance with ASTM D2992 Procedure B and requires hydrostatic pressure testing to failure of many pipe samples at a variety of very high constant pressure levels. The resulting data is evaluated on a log-log basis for pressure (or hoop tensile strain) vs. time to failure and then extrapolated to 50 years.

The extrapolated failure pressure (strain) at 50 years, referred to as the Hydrostatic Design Basis (strain) or HDB, must be at least 1.8 times the rated pressure class (strain at the rated pressure). In other words, the design criteria require that the average pipe be capable of withstanding a constant pressure of 1.8 times the maximum operating condition for 50 years. This qualification test helps assure the long-term performance of the pipe in pressure service.

### 6.2. Strain Corrosion Test

Another distinctive and essential performance requirement for gravity GRP pipes used in sewer applications is the chemical testing of the pipe in a deflected (strained) condition. This strain corrosion testing is carried out in accordance with ASTM D3681, and requires a minimum of 18 ring samples of the pipe to be deflected to various levels and held steady. These strained rings are then exposed at the invert of the interior surface 1.0 N concentration sulfuric acid H 2 SO 4 . This is anticipated to create the worst case of a buried sewer pipe.

This has been shown to be representative of the worst sewer conditions around the globe, where many fiberglass pipes have been effectively installed. The time to failure (leakage) for each test sample is recorded. The minimum extrapolated failure strain at 50 years, using a least squares regression analysis of the failure data, must equal the values shown for each stiffness class. The value achieved is then related to the pipe design to enable prediction of safe installation margins for GRP pipe used for sewerage applications. Characteristically this is 5\% long - term deflection.


Strain-Corrosion Test Apparatus

| Stiffíness Class $\left(\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | ESCV Stroin, \% |
| :---: | :---: |
| SN 2500 | $.49(\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{d})$ |
| SN 5000 | $.41(\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{d})$ |
| SN 10000 | $.34(\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{d})$ |
| SN 12500 | $.3(\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{d})^{*}$ |

*By Extrapolation from table 4 of ASTM D 3262 Table 6.1 - Min. Strain Corrosion Value

### 6.3. Initial Ring Deflection

GRP pipes should meet the initial ring deflection levels without any visual cracks or crazing (Level A) and no structural damage to the pipe wall (Level B) when vertically deflected between two parallel flat plates or rods.

| Defflection Leve | SN 2500 <br> $\left(N / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | SN 5000 <br> $\left(N / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | SN 10000 <br> $\left(\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | SN 12500 <br> $\left(\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LevEL A | $15 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| LEVEL B | $20 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $12 \%$ |

Table 6.3 - Initial Ring Deflection

### 6.4. Long Term Bending

GRP pipe's long-term (50 year) ring deflection or ring bending (strain) capability, when exposed to an aqueous environment and under a constant load, must meet the Level A deflection level specified in the initial ring deflection test. AWWA C950 requires the test to be carried out, with the resulting 50 -year predicted value used in the pipes design.

GRP pipes are tested in accordance to ASTM D5365 "Long - Term Ring Bending Strain of Fiberglass Pipe" or ISO 7685 "Determination of Initial Specific Ring Stiffness" and should meet both requirements.

### 6.5. Joint Testing

Joint testing is another important qualification test performed on joint models for rubber gasket sealed double bell couplings. This destructive test is performed according to ASTM D 4161 where it requires these flexible joints to withstand hydrostatic testing that simulate very severe conditions. Pressures used are twice the pipe's pressure class, or 1 bar for gravity flow pipe.

Joint configurations include straight alignment, maximum angular deflection and differential shear loading. Partial vacuum tests and cyclic tests may also be incorporated.


## 7. PRODUCT RANGE - TECHNICAL INFORMATION

### 7.1. Diameter Range

Inter Pipe Factory® are supplied in the following Nominal Diameters* ND (mm)

|  | Nominal Diameter ND (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 25 | 1100 |
| 50 | 1200 |
| 80 | 1300 |
| 100 | 1400 |
| 150 | 1500 |
| 200 | 1600 |
| 250 | 1700 |
| 300 | 1800 |
| 350 | 1900 |
| 400 | 2000 |
| 450 | 2100 |
| 500 | 2200 |
| 600 | 2300 |
| 700 |  |
| 800 |  |
| 900 |  |
| 1000 |  |

*for other pipe diameter range, consult Inter Pipe Factory $®$
Table 7.1

### 7.2. Standard Lenghts

The standard length of GRP/GRV pipes is indicates in the below table 7.2:

| ND $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Standaral Length (meters) |
| :---: | :---: |
| ND $25 \mathrm{~mm}-65 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3 meters |
| ND $80 \mathrm{~mm}-200 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 6 meters |
| ND $250 \mathrm{~mm} \&$ above | 12 meters |

### 7.3. Load Capacity

Axial Tensile Load Capacity
The minimum initial axial load in $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{mm}$ of circumference is as shown in Table 7.3.1:

| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{ND} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN3 <br> (Bar) | PN6 <br> (Bor) | PN10 <br> (Bar) | PN12 <br> (Bar) | PN16 <br> (Bar) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 102 | 102 | 113 | 118 | 138 |
| 350 | 102 | 102 | 132 | 137 | 160 |
| 400 | 102 | 102 | 150 | 157 | 183 |
| 450 | 102 | 108 | 160 | 165 | 192 |
| 500 | 102 | 118 | 177 | 183 | 213 |
| 600 | 102 | 142 | 213 | 220 | 256 |
| 700 | 102 | 156 | 239 | 247 | 287 |
| 800 | 102 | 167 | 250 | 257 | 296 |
| 900 | 122 | 200 | 300 | 308 | 355 |
| 1000 | 137 | 217 | 325 | 333 | 384 |
| 1100 | 140 | 233 | 350 | 359 | 413 |
| 1200 | 161 | 244 | 366 | 382 | 447 |
| 1300 | 171 | 259 | 389 | 406 | 475 |
| 1400 | 182 | 274 | 457 | 477 | 503 |
| 1500 | 200 | 305 | 457 | 477 | 559 |
| 1700 | 220 | 336 | 503 | 525 | 615 |
| 1800 | 238 | 366 | 549 | 573 | 671 |
| 2000 | 260 | 369 | 553 | 581 | 685 |
| 2200 | 280 | 397 | 596 | 626 | 737 |
| 2300 | 301 | 426 | 638 | 670 | 790 |
| 2400 | 322 | 454 | 681 | 715 | 843 |
| 2600 | 340 | 482 | 723 | 760 | 896 |

Hoop Tensile Load Capacity
The minimum initial hoop load in $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{mm}$ of length is as shown in the Table 7.3.2

| $\begin{gathered} \text { ND } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN3 <br> (Bar) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PN6 } \\ & \text { (Bar) } \end{aligned}$ | PN10 <br> (Bar) | PN12 <br> (Bar) | PN16 <br> (Bor) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 210 | 420 | 630 | 735 | 945 |
| 350 | 245 | 490 | 735 | 858 | 1103 |
| 400 | 280 | 560 | 840 | 980 | 1260 |
| 450 | 315 | 630 | 945 | 1103 | 1418 |
| 500 | 350 | 700 | 1050 | 1225 | 1575 |
| 600 | 420 | 840 | 1260 | 1470 | 1890 |
| 700 | 473 | 945 | 1418 | 1654 | 2127 |
| 800 | 525 | 1050 | 1575 | 1838 | 2363 |
| 900 | 630 | 1260 | 1890 | 2205 | 2835 |
| 1000 | 683 | 1365 | 2048 | 2389 | 3072 |
| 1100 | 735 | 1470 | 2205 | 2573 | 3308 |
| 1200 | 840 | 1680 | 2520 | 2940 | 3780 |
| 1300 | 893 | 1785 | 2678 | 3124 | 4017 |
| 1400 | 945 | 1890 | 2835 | 3308 | 4253 |
| 1500 | 1050 | 2100 | 3150 | 3675 | 4725 |
| 1700 | 1155 | 2310 | 3465 | 4043 | 5198 |
| 1800 | 1260 | 2520 | 3780 | 4410 | 5670 |
| 2000 | 1365 | 2730 | 4095 | 4778 | 6143 |
| 2200 | 1470 | 2940 | 4410 | 5145 | 6615 |
| 2300 | 1575 | 3150 | 4725 | 5513 | 7088 |
| 2400 | 1680 | 3360 | 5040 | 5880 | 7560 |
| 2600 | 1785 | 3570 | 5355 | 6248 | 8033 |

Table 7.3.2
Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory® for Tensile Load Capacities of other pressure classes not listed in the Table 7.3.1 \& 7.3.2. 7.4.

### 7.4. Stiffness Class

Fiberglass pipes by Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ can be supplied according to the following specific initial stiffness STIS = EI/D3

| Stiffness <br> Class | Stiss <br> $\left(N / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | PS <br> $($ Psi) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN 1500 | 1500 | 10.8 |
| SN 2500 | 2500 | 18 |
| SN 5000 | 5000 | 36 |
| SN 10000 | 10000 | 72 |
| SN 12500 | 12500 | 90 |



Table 7.4.

### 7.5. Pressure Classes

Inter Pipe Factory® offers the pressure classes (PN) as indicated in below table 7.5. It is worth nothing that not all pressure classes are available in all stiffness classes and diameters.

| Pressure <br> Class <br> (PN) | Pressure <br> Rating <br> (Bars) | Standard <br> Factory Test <br> Pressure <br> $2 \times$ Pn <br> (Bar) | Maximum <br> Field Test <br> Pressure <br> 1.5 X Pn <br> (Bar) | Surge <br> Pressure <br> 1.4 X Pn <br> (Bar) | Moximum <br> Diameter <br> limit <br> (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GRAVITY | 1 | 2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2600 |
| PN6 | 6 | 12 | 9 | 8.4 | 2600 |
| PN 10 | 10 | 20 | 15 | 16.8 | 2600 |
| PN 12 | 12 | 24 | 18 | 16.8 | 2600 |
| PN 16 | 16 | 32 | 24 | 22.4 | 2000 |
| PN 20 | 20 | 40 | 30 | 28 | 1600 |
| PN 25 | 25 | 50 | 37.5 | 35 | 1400 |

Table 7.5.
NB: For other pressure classes, kindly consult Inter Pipe Factory ®

### 7.6. Other Characteristics \& Properties

| Maximum Recommended Flow Velocity | $3-4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Poisson's Ration - V | From 0.22 to 0.29 |
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion | $24-30 \times 10-6 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{mm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Manning Roughness Coefficient - n | 0.009 |
| Hazen Williams Roughness Coefficient - C | 150 |
| Colebrook's Surface Roughness Factor - e | $5.18 \times 10-6$ |

## 8. MANUFACTURING PROCESS

The process for manufacturing GRP pipes is the continuously - advancing mandrel process on continuous filament winding machine. The basic winder is composed of a continuous steel band supported by beams which form a cylindrically shaped mandrel. The beams rotate; friction pulls the band around and roller bearing allowing the band to move longitudinally so that the entire mandrel continuously moves in a spiral path toward the end of the machine.

As the mandrel moves, glass fibers, resin, fine graded filler, and surface materials are metered on, in precise amounts controlled by programmable logic controller and computer. The system provides integrated process control based on preprogrammed recipes. Another device measures the thickness of the laminate with rotation of the pipe at the cut. Minimum, maximum and average thickness are recorded and displayed on the operator's PC monitor. Raw materials are fed to the mandrel from overhead. A metering pump system, two glass fiber choppers, one sand unit feed and two polyester resin mixers with dispenser are included. A release film and surface mat and other surface liner materials are applied from rolls adjacent to the mandrel. Curing of the laminate is accomplished with a combination of induction heating through the steel band and infrared elements directly heating the laminate.

The pipe structure is composed of the following material:
A. Internal liner, made of ' $C$ ' type glass fiber impregnated with the resin
B. Structural layer made of 'E' / 'C' glass, resin and Silica Sand
C. Outer Liner, made of ' $C$ ' type glass fiber impregnated with the resin

The saw and calibration unit is synchronized with the continuous longitudinal movement of the laminate, which ensures a clean perpendicular cut of the pipe. Pipes can be cut to any length as preset. After passing the cutting station, the cured pipe is supported on lifting tables that are specially designed for receiving the pipes. The pipe is then moved by conveyor to the hydrostatic pipe tester.


## 9. GRP PIPE \& COUPLING DIMENSION



| ND $(\mathrm{mm})$ | W (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 to 150 | 150 |
| 200 to 250 | 176 |
| 300 to 500 | 270 |
| 600 to 2600 | 330 |


| ND <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | DOS <br> min | DOS <br> max | CID <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | ND <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | DOS <br> min | DOS <br> max | CID <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 313.5 | 314.5 | 316.5 | 1400 | 1432.0 | 1433.0 | 1435.0 |
| 350 | 365.5 | 366.5 | 371.0 | 1500 | 1534.0 | 1535.0 | 1537.0 |
| 400 | 412.0 | 413.0 | 415.0 | 1600 | 1636.0 | 1637.0 | 1639.0 |
| 450 | 463.0 | 464.0 | 466.0 | 1700 | 1738.0 | 1739.0 | 1741.0 |
| 500 | 514.0 | 515.0 | 517.0 | 1800 | 1840.0 | 1841.0 | 1843.0 |
| 600 | 616.0 | 617.0 | 619.0 | 1900 | 1942.0 | 1943.0 | 1945.0 |
| 700 | 718.0 | 719.0 | 721.0 | 2000 | 2044.0 | 2045.0 | 2047.0 |
| 800 | 820.0 | 821.0 | 823.0 | 2100 | 2146.0 | 2147.0 | 2149.0 |
| 900 | 922.0 | 923.0 | 925.0 | 2200 | 2248.0 | 2249.0 | 2251.0 |
| 1000 | 1024.0 | 1025.0 | 1027.0 | 2300 | 2350.0 | 2351.0 | 2353.0 |
| 1100 | 1126.0 | 1127.0 | 1129.0 | 2400 | 2452.0 | 2453.0 | 2455.0 |
| 1200 | 1228.0 | 1229.0 | 1231.0 | 2500 | 2554.0 | 2555.0 | 2557.0 |
| 1300 | 1330.0 | 1331.0 | 1333.0 | 2600 | 2656.0 | 2657.0 | 2659.0 |

[^0]
## 10. VISUAL PROPERTIES

### 10.1. Exterior Visual Properties

The exterior surface of GRP pipe, joints and fittings shall be commercially free of the following irregularities:

| Visual Properties |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fuzz | Glass fibers loosely adhering to the pipes that are not wet out with resin |
| Protruding fibers | Glass fibers sticking out from faces that are wet out with resin | \left\lvert\, | Resin runs |
| :--- |
| Runs of resin and sand on surface of pipe |
| Area in laminate with glass not wet out with resin |
| Hand lay-up ragged edges | | Ragged edges, areas at the edge of hand lay-up that are not rolled down properly |
| :--- |
| or that are rough. |\right.

### 10.2. Visual Limits

The following visual limits apply:

| Visual defect | Definition | Allowable Limits Externol Surface | Allowable Limits Internal Surface |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| De-lamination | Separation in the laminate | None | None |
| Blisters | Light straw colored areas resulting from too hot a cure. | None to exceed 13mm in Dia | None to exceed 4mm in Dia |
| Crazes | Cracks on inner surface usually star shaped; caused by sharp impact. | N/A | None |
| Surface pits and voids | Small air pockets on the surface or directly beneath are solid. Surface mat can be broken by finger nail | N/A | None greater than 2 mm deep or 20 mm Dia or greater than $4 m m$ deep of any Dia |
| Wrinkles, grooves and band depressions | Smooth irregularities on liner surface | N/A | None greater than 3 mm deep |
| Haystacks | Accumulations of glass, resin and sand on exterior surface. | None greater than 30 mm Dia | N/A |
| Torn edges end de-lamination and end gouges | Tears and rips in the edges of cuts | N/A | None that will affect the integrity of the joints |
| Ground | Area around lay-up which has been abraded but lay-up does not cover or has not been coated | Permitted | None |

## 11. PIPE REPAIR

Repairs to the internal and external layers shall not exceed $5 \%$ of the total surface area.
Structural repair work is not allowed.
The number of repair will not exceed and average of one (1) per one (1) meter length of the pipe in each surface.

Pipe sections may contain factory lay-up joints which shall not be considered as repairs.


## 12. MARKING AND IDENTIFICATION

Each pipe section and coupling shall be marked with the following information:

1. Manufacturer's name
2. Manufacturing standard number
3. Pipe Diameter - ND (mm)
4. Pressure Class - PN (Bars)
5. Stiffness class - SN
6. Pipe Serial Number
7. Manufacturing date

Specific marking requirement by customer could be arranged; Inter Pipe Factory® marks the product accordingly while maintaining traceability.

## 13. FITTINGS

Inter Pipe Factory® has established a standardized line of GRP Fittings. The most common fittings are (Elbows, Reducers, Tees, Wyes and Flanges) and can be supplied either as standard pieces or custom designed spools making it easier for the erection contractor to install.

Fittings are jointed to GRP pipes with standard double bell couplings are require thrust blocks for pressure systems. Please refer to Inter Pipe Factory® Installation Guide for Underground Pipe System for further details on proper construction of trust blocks

The method of fabrication of all GRP fittings is essentially the same. Pipes, after plant hydro-testing, are cut to the required dimensions. Pipes sections are then joined together by lamination. The thickness and width of the lamination is designed to exceed the pipe performance.
A. MITERED ELBOWS


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ND } \\ & (\mathrm{mm}) \end{aligned}$ | 1 MITER | 2 MITERS | 3 MITERS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(\mathrm{mm})_{30^{\circ}}^{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{~A}=0-$ | $\operatorname{mmm}_{45^{\circ}}^{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{~A}=31-$ | $(\mathrm{mm})_{60^{\circ}}^{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{~A}=46-$ | $(\mathrm{mm})_{90^{\circ}}^{L} A=61-$ |
| 300 | 400 | 500 | 550 | 750 |
| 350 | 450 | 550 | 600 | 800 |
| 400 | 450 | 600 | 650 | 900 |
| 450 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 1000 |
| 500 | 500 | 650 | 750 | 1050 |
| 600 | 500 | 650 | 750 | 1100 |
| 700 | 500 | 650 | 800 | 1200 |
| 800 | 500 | 700 | 850 | 1350 |
| 900 | 550 | 800 | 950 | 1500 |
| 1000 | 550 | 850 | 1000 | 1650 |
| 1100 | 600 | 900 | 1100 | 1800 |
| 1200 | 600 | 950 | 1200 | 1950 |
| 1300 | 700 | 1050 | 1300 | 2100 |
| 1400 | 700 | 1100 | 1350 | 2250 |
| 1500 | 750 | 1200 | 1450 | 2400 |
| 1600 | 800 | 1250 | 1550 | 2550 |
| 1700 | 800 | 1300 | 1600 | 2700 |
| 1800 | 850 | 1350 | 1700 | 2850 |
| 1900 | 850 | 1400 | 1750 | 2950 |
| 2000 | 900 | 1450 | 1800 | 3100 |
| 2100 | 900 | 1500 | 1850 | 3200 |
| 2200 | 900 | 1550 | 1950 | 3350 |
| 2300 | 950 | 1550 | 2000 | 3450 |
| 2400 | 1000 | 1550 | 2100 | 3600 |
| 2500 | 1000 | 1600 | 2200 | 3750 |

Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory® for other Diameters which are not included in the above Table
B. MITERED TEES (90 DEG)


| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DH} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DB } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN 1 (Bar) |  | PN 10 (Bar) |  | PN 16 (Bar) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Header | Branch | Header | Branch | Header | Branch |
|  |  | LHf (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) |
| 300 | 300 | 900 | 450 | 1400 | 1700 | 1800 | 900 |
| 350 | 300 | 900 | 450 | 1500 | 800 | 2000 | 1000 |
| 350 | 350 | 900 | 450 | 1800 | 800 | 2000 | 1000 |
| 400 | 300 | 900 | 500 | 1600 | 850 | 2100 | 1100 |
| 400 | 350 | 1000 | 500 | 1700 | 850 | 2200 | 1100 |
| 400 | 400 | 1000 | 500 | 1700 | 850 | 2300 | 1150 |
| 500 | 300 | 900 | 550 | 1800 | 1000 | 2500 | 1350 |
| 500 | 350 | 1000 | 550 | 1500 | 1000 | 2600 | 1350 |
| 500 | 400 | 1000 | 550 | 1900 | 1000 | 2700 | 1350 |
| 500 | 500 | 1200 | 600 | 2000 | 1000 | 2700 | 1350 |
| 600 | 300 | 900 | 600 | 1100 | 700 | 1400 | 800 |
| 600 | 400 | 1100 | 600 | 1400 | 750 | 1700 | 900 |
| 600 | 500 | 1200 | 600 | 1500 | 750 | 1800 | 900 |
| 600 | 600 | 1300 | 650 | 1700 | 850 | 1900 | 950 |
| 700 | 300 | 900 | 650 | 1200 | 750 | 1500 | 900 |
| 700 | 400 | 1100 | 650 | 1500 | 850 | 1800 | 1000 |
| 700 | 500 | 1200 | 700 | 1600 | 850 | 1900 | 1000 |
| 700 | 600 | 1300 | 700 | 1700 | 900 | 2000 | 1050 |
| 700 | 700 | 1400 | 700 | 1900 | 900 | 2100 | 1050 |
| 800 | 300 | 900 | 700 | 1300 | 850 | 1600 | 1000 |
| 800 | 400 | 1100 | 700 | 1400 | 850 | 1700 | 1000 |


| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DH} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DB} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN 1 (Bar) |  | PN 10 (Bar) |  | PN 16 (Bar) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Header | Branch | Header | Branch | Header | Branch |
|  |  | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) |
| 800 | 500 | 1200 | 750 | 1700 | 950 | 2000 | 1150 |
| 800 | 600 | 1400 | 750 | 1800 | 1000 | 1200 | 1150 |
| 800 | 700 | 1500 | 800 | 1900 | 1000 | 2200 | 1150 |
| 800 | 800 | 1600 | 800 | 2100 | 1050 | 2300 | 1160 |
| 900 | 300 | 900 | 750 | 1400 | 950 | 1600 | 1100 |
| 900 | 400 | 1100 | 750 | 1500 | 950 | 1800 | 1100 |
| 900 | 500 | 1200 | 800 | 1700 | 1000 | 2100 | 1250 |
| 900 | 600 | 1400 | 850 | 1900 | 1050 | 2200 | 1300 |
| 900 | 700 | 1500 | 850 | 2000 | 1050 | 2400 | 1300 |
| 900 | 800 | 1600 | 850 | 2100 | 1100 | 2500 | 1300 |
| 900 | 900 | 1700 | 850 | 2300 | 1150 | 2600 | 1300 |
| 1000 | 300 | 900 | 800 | 1400 | 1000 | 1700 | 1200 |
| 1000 | 400 | 1100 | 800 | 1500 | 1000 | 1800 | 1200 |
| 1000 | 500 | 1200 | 850 | 1600 | 1000 | 2000 | 1200 |
| 1000 | 600 | 1400 | 900 | 1900 | 1150 | 2400 | 1400 |
| 1000 | 700 | 1500 | 900 | 2000 | 1150 | 2500 | 1400 |
| 1000 | 800 | 1600 | 900 | 2200 | 1200 | 2600 | 1400 |
| 1000 | 900 | 1800 | 950 | 2300 | 1200 | 2800 | 1400 |
| 1000 | 1000 | 1900 | 950 | 2500 | 1250 | 2900 | 1400 |
| 1200 | 300 | 1000 | 900 | 1500 | 1200 | 1800 | 1350 |
| 1200 | 400 | 1100 | 950 | 1600 | 1200 | 2000 | 1350 |
| 1200 | 500 | 1200 | 950 | 1700 | 1200 | 2100 | 1350 |
| 1200 | 600 | 1400 | 1000 | 1800 | 1200 | 2200 | 1400 |
| 1200 | 700 | 1600 | 1000 | 2200 | 1350 | 2700 | 1500 |
| 1200 | 800 | 1700 | 1050 | 2300 | 1350 | 2800 | 1600 |
| 1200 | 900 | 1800 | 1050 | 2400 | 1350 | 2900 | 1600 |
| 1200 | 1000 | 1900 | 1100 | 2500 | 1350 | 3000 | 1600 |
| 1200 | 1200 | 2200 | 1100 | 2800 | 1400 | 3200 | 1600 |
| 1400 | 300 | 1000 | 1000 | 1600 | 1350 | - | - |
| 1400 | 400 | 1100 | 1050 | 1700 | 1350 | - | - |


| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DH} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DB} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN 1 (Bar) |  | PN 10 (Bar) |  | PN 16 (Bar) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Header | Branch | Header | Branch | Header | Branch |
|  |  | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) |
| 1400 | 500 | 1300 | 1050 | 1800 | 1350 | - | - |
| 1400 | 600 | 1400 | 1100 | 2000 | 1400 | - | - |
| 1400 | 700 | 1500 | 1100 | 2100 | 1400 | - | - |
| 1400 | 800 | 1700 | 1150 | 2400 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1400 | 900 | 1900 | 1150 | 2500 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1400 | 1000 | 2000 | 1200 | 2600 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1400 | 1200 | 2200 | 1200 | 2900 | 1550 | - | - |
| 1400 | 1400 | 2500 | 1250 | 3200 | 1600 | - | - |
| 1600 | 300 | 1000 | 1150 | 1700 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1600 | 400 | 1200 | 1150 | 1800 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1600 | 500 | 1300 | 1200 | 2000 | 1500 | - | - |
| 1600 | 600 | 1400 | 1200 | 2100 | 1550 | - | - |
| 1600 | 700 | 1600 | 1250 | 2200 | 1550 | - | - |
| 1600 | 800 | 1700 | 1250 | 2300 | 1550 | - | - |
| 1600 | 900 | 1800 | 1300 | 2700 | 1700 | - | - |
| 1600 | 1000 | 2000 | 1300 | 2800 | 1700 | - | - |
| 1600 | 1200 | 2300 | 1350 | 3100 | 1750 | - | - |
| 1600 | 1400 | 2500 | 1350 | 3400 | 1800 | - | - |
| 1600 | 1600 | 2800 | 1400 | 3600 | 1800 | - | - |
| 1800 | 300 | 1000 | 1250 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 400 | 1200 | 1250 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 500 | 1300 | 1300 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 600 | 1400 | 1300 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 700 | 1600 | 1350 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 800 | 1700 | 1350 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 900 | 1800 | 1350 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 1000 | 2100 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 1200 | 2300 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 1400 | 2600 | 1500 | - | - | - | - |
| 1800 | 1600 | 2800 | 1500 | - | - | - | - |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { DH } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{DB} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | PN 1 (Bar) |  | PN 10 (Bar) |  | PN 16 (Bar) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Header | Branch | Header | Branch | Header | Branch |
|  |  | LH (mm) | LB (mm) | L H (mm) | LB (mm) | LH (mm) | LB (mm) |
| 1800 | 1800 | 3100 | 1550 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 300 | 1000 | 1350 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 400 | 1200 | 1400 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 500 | 1300 | 1400 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 600 | 1500 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 700 | 1600 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 800 | 1700 | 1450 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 900 | 1900 | 1500 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 1000 | 2000 | 1500 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 1200 | 2400 | 1550 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 1400 | 2600 | 1600 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 1600 | 2900 | 1650 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 1800 | 3100 | 1650 | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | 2000 | 3400 | 1700 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 300 | 1100 | 1600 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 400 | 1200 | 1600 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 500 | 1200 | 1600 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 600 | 1500 | 1650 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 700 | 1700 | 1650 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 800 | 1800 | 1700 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 900 | 1900 | 1700 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 1000 | 2100 | 1750 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 1200 | 2300 | 1750 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 1400 | 2700 | 1850 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 1600 | 2900 | 1850 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 1800 | 3200 | 1900 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 2000 | 3300 | 1900 | - | - | - | - |
| 2400 | 2400 | 3900 | 1950 | - | - | - | - |

Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ for other Diameters which are not included in the above Table
C. MITERED WYES (45 DEG)


| Header Dio (mm) | Branch Dia (mm) | B (mm) | F (mm) | E (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 300 | 1100 | 700 | 710 |
| 350 | 300 | 1100 | 725 | 710 |
| 350 | 350 | 1200 | 775 | 780 |
| 400 | 300 | 1100 | 750 | 780 |
| 400 | 350 | 1200 | 800 | 850 |
| 400 | 400 | 1300 | 850 | 850 |
| 450 | 300 | 1100 | 750 | 780 |
| 450 | 350 | 1200 | 825 | 875 |
| 450 | 400 | 1300 | 875 | 900 |
| 450 | 450 | 1400 | 950 | 975 |
| 500 | 300 | 1100 | 800 | 850 |
| 500 | 350 | 1200 | 850 | 920 |
| 500 | 400 | 1300 | 900 | 920 |
| 500 | 450 | 1400 | 950 | 950 |
| 500 | 500 | 1500 | 1000 | 1000 |
| 600 | 300 | 1100 | 850 | 915 |
| 600 | 400 | 1300 | 950 | 990 |
| 600 | 450 | 1400 | 1000 | 1030 |
| 600 | 500 | 1500 | 1050 | 1070 |
| 600 | 600 | 1600 | 1100 | 1100 |
| 700 | 300 | 1100 | 900 | 990 |
| 700 | 400 | 1300 | 1000 | 1060 |
| 700 | 450 | 1400 | 1050 | 1100 |
| 700 | 500 | 1500 | 1100 | 1140 |


| Header Dia (mm) | Branch Dia (mm) | B (mm) | F (mm) | E (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 700 | 600 | 1700 | 1200 | 1200 |
| 700 | 700 | 1900 | 1300 | 1270 |
| 800 | 300 | 1100 | 950 | 1050 |
| 800 | 400 | 1300 | 1050 | 1130 |
| 800 | 450 | 1400 | 1100 | 1170 |
| 800 | 500 | 1500 | 1150 | 1210 |
| 800 | 600 | 1600 | 1200 | 1240 |
| 800 | 700 | 1800 | 1300 | 1320 |
| 800 | 800 | 2100 | 1450 | 1450 |
| 900 | 300 | 1100 | 1000 | 1130 |
| 900 | 400 | 1300 | 1100 | 1200 |
| 900 | 500 | 1500 | 1200 | 1280 |
| 900 | 600 | 1700 | 1300 | 1360 |
| 900 | 700 | 1900 | 1400 | 1490 |
| 900 | 800 | 2100 | 1500 | 1560 |
| 900 | 900 | 2300 | 1600 | 1630 |
| 1000 | 300 | 1100 | 1050 | 1200 |
| 1000 | 400 | 1300 | 1150 | 1270 |
| 1000 | 500 | 1500 | 1250 | 1350 |
| 1000 | 600 | 1800 | 1400 | 1480 |
| 1000 | 700 | 1900 | 1450 | 1510 |
| 1000 | 800 | 2100 | 1550 | 1600 |
| 1000 | 900 | 2200 | 1600 | 1620 |
| 1000 | 1000 | 2500 | 1750 | 1750 |
| 1200 | 300 | 1200 | 1200 | 1380 |
| 1200 | 400 | 1400 | 1300 | 1470 |
| 1200 | 500 | 1600 | 1400 | 1545 |
| 1200 | 600 | 1700 | 1450 | 1574 |
| 1200 | 700 | 2000 | 1600 | 1620 |
| 1200 | 800 | 2200 | 170 | 1780 |
| 1200 | 900 | 2400 | 1800 | 1850 |
| 1200 | 1000 | 2500 | 1850 | 1900 |
| 1200 | 1100 | 2700 | 1950 | 1970 |
| 1200 | 1200 | 2900 | 2050 | 2050 |


| Header Dia (mm) | Branch Dia (mm) | B (mm) | F (mm) | E (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1300 | 300 | 1300 | 1300 | 1510 |
| 1300 | 400 | 1400 | 1350 | 1530 |
| 1300 | 500 | 1600 | 1450 | 1615 |
| 1300 | 600 | 1700 | 1500 | 1645 |
| 1300 | 700 | 1900 | 1600 | 1725 |
| 1300 | 800 | 2000 | 1650 | 1755 |
| 1300 | 900 | 2200 | 1750 | 1830 |
| 1300 | 1000 | 2500 | 1900 | 1960 |
| 1300 | 1100 | 2600 | 1950 | 1990 |
| 1300 | 1200 | 2900 | 2100 | 2120 |
| 1300 | 1300 | 3200 | 2250 | 2250 |
| 1400 | 300 | 1400 | 1400 | 1628 |
| 1400 | 400 | 1500 | 1450 | 1657 |
| 1400 | 500 | 1600 | 1500 | 1680 |
| 1400 | 600 | 1800 | 1600 | 1770 |
| 1400 | 700 | 2000 | 1700 | 1840 |
| 1400 | 800 | 2200 | 1800 | 1925 |
| 1400 | 900 | 2400 | 1900 | 2000 |
| 1400 | 1000 | 2600 | 2000 | 2080 |
| 1400 | 1100 | 2800 | 2100 | 2160 |
| 1400 | 1200 | 2900 | 2150 | 2200 |
| 1400 | 1300 | 3000 | 2200 | 2320 |
| 1400 | 1400 | 3300 | 2350 | 2350 |
| 1500 | 300 | 1300 | 1400 | 1750 |
| 1500 | 400 | 1600 | 1550 | 1780 |
| 1500 | 500 | 1800 | 1650 | 1855 |
| 1500 | 600 | 2000 | 1750 | 1940 |
| 1500 | 700 | 2200 | 1850 | 2016 |
| 1500 | 800 | 2400 | 1950 | 2095 |
| 1500 | 900 | 2600 | 2050 | 2125 |
| 1500 | 1000 | 2800 | 2150 | 2205 |
| 1500 | 1200 | 3000 | 2250 | 2312 |
| 1500 | 1400 | 3200 | 2350 | 2371 |
| 1500 | 1500 | 3500 | 2500 | 2500 |


| Header Dia (mm) | Branch Dio (mm) | B (mm) | F (mm) | E (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1600 | 300 | 1300 | 1450 | 1719 |
| 1600 | 400 | 1700 | 1650 | 1898 |
| 1600 | 500 | 1800 | 1700 | 1928 |
| 1600 | 600 | 2000 | 1800 | 2007 |
| 1600 | 700 | 2200 | 1900 | 2086 |
| 1600 | 800 | 2400 | 2000 | 2166 |
| 1600 | 900 | 2500 | 2050 | 2195 |
| 1600 | 1000 | 2600 | 2100 | 2224 |
| 1600 | 1200 | 3000 | 2300 | 2383 |
| 1600 | 1400 | 3400 | 2500 | 2541 |
| 1600 | 1600 | 3700 | 2650 | 2650 |
| 1800 | 300 | 1300 | 1550 | 1861 |
| 1800 | 400 | 1500 | 1650 | 1940 |
| 1800 | 500 | 1700 | 1750 | 2019 |
| 1800 | 600 | 2000 | 1900 | 2148 |
| 1800 | 700 | 2200 | 2000 | 2228 |
| 1800 | 800 | 2400 | 2100 | 2307 |
| 1800 | 900 | 2500 | 2150 | 2336 |
| 1800 | 1000 | 2700 | 2250 | 2416 |
| 1800 | 1200 | 3000 | 2400 | 2524 |
| 1800 | 1400 | 3400 | 2600 | 2683 |
| 1800 | 1600 | 3800 | 2800 | 2841 |
| 1800 | 1800 | 4200 | 3000 | 3000 |
| 2000 | 400 | 1600 | 1800 | 2131 |
| 2000 | 600 | 2000 | 2000 | 2290 |
| 2000 | 800 | 2400 | 2200 | 2448 |
| 2000 | 1000 | 3000 | 2500 | 2707 |
| 2000 | 1200 | 3200 | 2600 | 2766 |
| 2000 | 1400 | 3500 | 2750 | 2874 |
| 2000 | 1600 | 3800 | 2900 | 2983 |
| 2000 | 1800 | 4400 | 3200 | 3241 |
| 2000 | 2000 | 4800 | 3400 | 3400 |

Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ for other Diameters which are not included in the above Table
D. REDUCERS


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Lengh L (mm) | Pipe Lengih A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Length LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 350 | 300 | 125 | 400 | 400 | 925 |
| 400 | 300 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 400 | 350 | 125 | 400 | 400 | 925 |
| 450 | 300 | 375 | 400 | 400 | 1175 |
| 450 | 350 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 450 | 400 | 125 | 400 | 400 | 925 |
| 500 | 300 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 1300 |
| 500 | 350 | 375 | 400 | 400 | 1175 |
| 500 | 400 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 500 | 450 | 125 | 400 | 400 | 925 |
| 600 | 300 | 750 | 400 | 400 | 1550 |
| 600 | 400 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 1300 |
| 600 | 450 | 375 | 400 | 400 | 1175 |
| 600 | 500 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 700 | 300 | 1000 | 400 | 400 | 1800 |
| 700 | 400 | 750 | 400 | 400 | 1550 |
| 700 | 450 | 625 | 400 | 400 | 1425 |
| 700 | 500 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 1300 |
| 700 | 600 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 800 | 300 | 1250 | 400 | 400 | 2050 |
| 800 | 400 | 1000 | 400 | 400 | 1800 |
| 800 | 450 | 875 | 400 | 400 | 1675 |
| 800 | 500 | 750 | 400 | 400 | 1550 |


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Length L (mm) | Pipe Lengh A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Length LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800 | 600 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 1300 |
| 800 | 700 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 900 | 300 | 1500 | 400 | 400 | 2300 |
| 900 | 400 | 1250 | 400 | 400 | 2050 |
| 900 | 450 | 1125 | 400 | 400 | 1925 |
| 900 | 500 | 1000 | 400 | 400 | 1800 |
| 900 | 600 | 750 | 400 | 400 | 1550 |
| 900 | 700 | 500 | 400 | 400 | 1300 |
| 900 | 800 | 250 | 400 | 400 | 1050 |
| 1000 | 300 | 1750 | 500 | 500 | 2750 |
| 1000 | 400 | 1500 | 500 | 500 | 2500 |
| 1000 | 450 | 1375 | 500 | 500 | 2375 |
| 1000 | 500 | 1250 | 500 | 500 | 2250 |
| 1000 | 600 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 2000 |
| 1000 | 700 | 750 | 500 | 500 | 1750 |
| 1000 | 800 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 |
| 1000 | 900 | 250 | 500 | 500 | 1250 |
| 1100 | 300 | 2000 | 500 | 500 | 3000 |
| 1100 | 400 | 1750 | 500 | 500 | 2750 |
| 1100 | 450 | 1625 | 500 | 500 | 2625 |
| 1100 | 500 | 1500 | 500 | 500 | 2500 |
| 1100 | 600 | 1250 | 500 | 500 | 2250 |
| 1100 | 700 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 2000 |
| 1100 | 800 | 750 | 500 | 500 | 1750 |
| 1100 | 900 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 |
| 1100 | 1000 | 250 | 500 | 500 | 1250 |
| 1200 | 400 | 2000 | 500 | 500 | 3000 |
| 1200 | 450 | 1875 | 500 | 500 | 2875 |
| 1200 | 500 | 1750 | 500 | 500 | 2750 |
| 1200 | 600 | 1500 | 500 | 500 | 2500 |


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Length L(mm) | Pipe Lengih A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Length LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1200 | 700 | 1250 | 500 | 500 | 2250 |
| 1200 | 800 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 2000 |
| 1200 | 900 | 750 | 500 | 500 | 1750 |
| 1200 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 |
| 1200 | 1100 | 250 | 500 | 500 | 1250 |
| 1300 | 500 | 2000 | 500 | 500 | 3000 |
| 1300 | 600 | 1750 | 500 | 500 | 2750 |
| 1300 | 700 | 1500 | 500 | 500 | 2500 |
| 1300 | 800 | 1250 | 500 | 500 | 2250 |
| 1300 | 900 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 2000 |
| 1300 | 1000 | 750 | 500 | 500 | 1750 |
| 1300 | 1100 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 |
| 1300 | 1200 | 250 | 500 | 500 | 1250 |
| 1400 | 600 | 2000 | 500 | 500 | 3000 |
| 1400 | 700 | 1750 | 500 | 500 | 2750 |
| 1400 | 800 | 1500 | 500 | 500 | 2500 |
| 1400 | 900 | 1250 | 500 | 500 | 2250 |
| 1400 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 500 | 2000 |
| 1400 | 1100 | 750 | 500 | 500 | 1750 |
| 1400 | 1200 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 |
| 1400 | 1300 | 250 | 500 | 500 | 1250 |
| 1500 | 700 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 1500 | 800 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 1500 | 900 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 1500 | 1000 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 1500 | 1100 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 1500 | 1200 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 1500 | 1300 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 1500 | 1400 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 1600 | 800 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Length L(mm) | Pipe Length A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Lengith LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1600 | 900 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 1600 | 1000 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 1600 | 1100 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 1600 | 1200 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 1600 | 1300 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 1600 | 1400 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 1600 | 1500 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 1700 | 900 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 1700 | 1000 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 1700 | 1100 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 1700 | 1200 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 1700 | 1300 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 1700 | 1400 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 1700 | 1500 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 1700 | 1600 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 1800 | 900 | 2250 | 600 | 600 | 3450 |
| 1800 | 1000 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 1800 | 1100 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 1800 | 1200 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 1800 | 1300 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 1800 | 1400 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 1800 | 1500 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 1800 | 1600 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 1800 | 1700 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 1900 | 1100 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 1900 | 1200 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 1900 | 1300 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 1900 | 1400 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 1900 | 1500 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 1900 | 1600 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Length L(mm) | Pipe Lengih A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Length LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1900 | 1700 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 1900 | 1800 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2000 | 1000 | 2500 | 600 | 600 | 3700 |
| 2000 | 1100 | 2250 | 600 | 600 | 3450 |
| 2000 | 1200 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2000 | 1300 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2000 | 1400 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2000 | 1500 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2000 | 1600 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2000 | 1700 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2000 | 1800 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2000 | 1900 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2100 | 1300 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2100 | 1400 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 2100 | 1500 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2100 | 1600 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2100 | 1700 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2100 | 1800 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2100 | 1900 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2100 | 2000 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2200 | 1400 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2200 | 1500 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 2200 | 1600 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2200 | 1700 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2200 | 1800 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2200 | 1900 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2200 | 2000 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2200 | 2100 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2300 | 1500 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2300 | 1600 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |


| ND Large end DL (mm) | ND Small end DS (mm) | Taper Length L (mm) | Pipe Length <br> A (mm) | Pipe Length B (mm) | Laying Length LL (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2300 | 1700 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2300 | 1800 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2300 | 1900 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2300 | 2000 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2300 | 2100 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2300 | 2200 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2400 | 1600 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2400 | 1700 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 2400 | 1800 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2400 | 1900 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2400 | 2000 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2400 | 2100 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2400 | 2200 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2400 | 2300 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2500 | 1700 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2500 | 1800 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 2500 | 1900 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2500 | 2000 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2500 | 2100 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2500 | 2200 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2500 | 2300 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2500 | 2400 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |
| 2600 | 1800 | 2000 | 600 | 600 | 3200 |
| 2600 | 1900 | 1750 | 600 | 600 | 2950 |
| 2600 | 2000 | 1500 | 600 | 600 | 2700 |
| 2600 | 2100 | 1250 | 600 | 600 | 2450 |
| 2600 | 2200 | 1000 | 600 | 600 | 2200 |
| 2600 | 2300 | 750 | 600 | 600 | 1950 |
| 2600 | 2400 | 500 | 600 | 600 | 1700 |
| 2600 | 2500 | 250 | 600 | 600 | 1450 |

Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ for other Diameters which are not included in the above Table

## E. FLANGES



For ND < 300


For ND $\geqslant 300$

## F. OTHERS FITTINGS



End Cap



Flanged Nozzles


Hydrotest Spools

## 14. PACKING, HANDLING AND STORAGE

4 Pipe and fittings shall be suitably cradled, wedged or braced to prevent damage during shipment.
4 When storing the pipe directly on the ground be sure that the ground is flat and free of potentially damaging debris. GRP REKA Couplings must be stored flat.
4 Pipe sections 12 m or less in length may be lifted using one support point and a guide rope. Any pipe section may be lifted using two support points separated by third of the section length and located equidistant from the pipe section center.
4 Pipe support for lifting must be pliable straps or rope and shall not be steel cables or chains unless sufficient padding is used to protect the pipe surface.

- Store rubber ring gaskets and lubricants in their original containers in a cool, dry area shaded from direct sunlight.
D Do not drop or impact the pipe especially at pipe ends
U Workers should wear gloves when handling pipe to protect hands from the rough pipe surface ends.
- Additional handling instructions shall be according to Inter Pipe Factory®.


## 15. INSTALLATION

Installation specifications have been developed to insure that pipe will perform as designed, and therefore, must followed during installation. The contractor shall that the pipes are being installed according to Inter Pipe Factory® Installation Guide for Underground Pipe System.

Always use a vegetable based joint lubricant when joining REKA Coupling into pipes. As with all piping systems, unbalanced thrust forces will be present at changes of direction or cross-sections such as in elbow, reducers, tees, wyes or bulk heads. These forces must be restrained for system stabilization. Adequate restraint can be achieved through concrete thrust blocks.

## DISCLAIMER :

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## OUTLINE

Inter Pipe Factory®, branch of Nael \& Bin Harmal Hydro Export Est. Inter Pipe Factory® was established in 2009 and look forward to be a leading supplier of composite thermosetting pipe systems and technologies in GCC. Middle East, Arrica, Asia and Europe.

## ACCREDITATIONS

Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{(B)}$ is accredited for the Quality Management Systems ISO 9001:2008, Environmental Management Systems ISO 14001:2004 \& OHSAS 18001:2007. In addition, certificates of the suitability to convey potable water from the Water Regulation Advisory Scheme (WARS) from UK, Kitemark from UK and the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF International) from USA.



[^0]:    Note: Please contact Inter Pipe Factory ${ }^{\circledR}$ for other diameters which are not included in the above table

